Contraindications to Donate for Transplant Purposes

1. General Exclusion:
   - Death of unknown cause
     [May be acceptable if death certificate or autopsy report is only pending an unresolved differential cause of death where all the alternatives are NOT contraindications]

2. Infectious Disease:
   - AIDS or HIV seropositive
   - Encephalitis – active, or of unknown origin
   - Endocarditis – active, or of unknown origin
   - Hepatitis - active
   - HTLV-I or HTLV-II
   - Leprosy
   - Malaria
   - Meningitis – active, or of unknown origin
   - Progressive multifocal leukoencephalopathy
   - Reye’s syndrome
   - Rubella – congenital
   - Smallpox
   - Subacute sclerosing panencephalitis
   - Syphilis – active
   - Tuberculosis – active
   - Typhoid - active
     [Bacterial disease may be acceptable if organ culture storage is performed]

3. Infection:
   - Septicaemia (bacteraemia, fungaemia, viraemia)
     [Bacteraemia may be acceptable if organ culture storage is performed]

4. Malignancy:
   - Hodgkin’s disease
   - Leukaemia
   - Lymphoma
   - Lymphomatoid granulomatosis
   - Lymphosarcoma
   - Myeloma
   - Myeloproliferative disease
   - Polycythaemia vera - primary
     [Other cancers acceptable]

5. Neurological Disorder:
   - Chronic idiopathic demyelinating polyneuropathy
   - Creutzfeldt-Jakob disease (CJD) of any type – in potential donor or immediate family member
   - Guillain-Barre syndrome
   - Huntington’s chorea
   - Motor neurone disease (amyotrophic lateral sclerosis)
   - Multiple sclerosis
     [Alzheimer’s disease
   - Parkinson’s disease

6. Neurodegenerative – High Risk:
   - Death with neurologic disease of unknown diagnosis
   - Dementia or recent unexplained neurologological symptoms e.g. ataxia, myoclonus, memory loss
   - Recipients of human pituitary-derived growth hormone (PIT-HGH) from 1963 to 1985
   - Recipient of human-derived dura mater tissue at any time
     [Dementia resulting from cerebrovascular disease, brain tumour or trauma, or toxic- or metabolic-induced dementia may be acceptable]
     [Recipients of synthetic growth hormone or dura mater are acceptable]

7. Eye Disorders, Infection and Surgery:
   - Ocular/intraocular infection – active at time of death (e.g. endophthalmitis, keratitis, conjunctivitis, uveitis, retinitis, choroiditis, iritis, vitreitis, scleritis)
   - Malignant tumours of the eye and anterior segment (e.g. retinoblastoma, melanoma, adenocarcinoma etc)
   - Corneal disorders (e.g. keratoconus, keratoglobus, dystrophy)
   - Corneal opacity, scarring, or pterygium, which involves the central area of the corneal button
   - Corneal surgery e.g. radial keratotomy, refractive laser surgery (photorefractive keratectomy (PRK) or laser in situ keratomileusis (LASIK)
     [Other eye disorders e.g. cataract, glaucoma, retinopathy acceptable]
     [Surgery/laser treatment for disorders other than corneal acceptable]

8. Infectious Disease – High Risk:
   Persons within previous 12 months who have:
   - Performed intravenous drug use for non-medical reasons
   - Been incarcerated in prison
   - Engaged in prostitution or sex for money or drugs
   - Tattoos or body piercings not performed in licensed facility
   - Received human-derived blood-clotting factors
   - Close contact with persons with viral hepatitis
   - Had sex with persons known to have HIV or hepatitis
   - Known exposure to blood from person with HIV or hepatitis
   - Men who have had sex with other men